2	ARTICLE 1- PURPOSE
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	The purpose of this Compact is to reduce the burdens on State governments and to facilitate the interstate practice and regulation of Massage Therapy with the goal of improving public access to, and the safety of, Massage Therapy Services. Through this Compact, the Member States seek to establish a regulatory framework which provides for a new multistate licensing program. Through this additional licensing pathway, the Member States seek to provide increased value and mobility to licensed massage therapists in the Member States, while ensuring the provision of safe, effective, and reliable services to the public.
10 11	This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives, and the Member States hereby ratify the same intentions by subscribing hereto:
12 13 14	A. Increase public access to Massage Therapy Services by providing for a multistate licensing pathway;
15 16 17	B. Enhance the Member States' ability to protect the public's health and safety, and prevent criminal activity within the profession;
18 19 20	C. Encourage the cooperation of Member States in regulating the multistate Practice of Massage Therapy;
21 22	D. Support spouses of relocating military members;
23 24 25	E. Facilitate and enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary information between the Member States;
26 27	F. Create an Interstate Commission that will exist to effectuate the Compact;
28 29 30 31 32	 G. Provide for meaningful dispute resolution while allowing a Member State to hold a Licensee accountable, even where that Licensee holds a Multistate License; H. Create a streamlined pathway for Licensees to practice in Member States, thus increasing the mobility of duly licensed massage therapists; and
33 34 35	To serve the needs of licensed massage therapists and the public receiving their services; however
363738	J. Nothing in this Compact is intended to prevent a State from enforcing its own laws.
39	ARTICLE 2- DEFINITIONS
40 41	As used in this Compact, except as otherwise provided and subject to clarification by the Rules of the Commission, the following definitions shall govern the terms herein:

INTERSTATE MASSAGE THERAPY COMPACT

A. "Active Duty Military" - any individual in full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States including members of the National Guard and Reserve.

B. "Adverse Action" - any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a Member State's laws which is imposed by a Licensing Authority or other regulatory body against a Licensee, including actions against an individual's licensure privilege such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the Licensee, limitation of the Licensee's practice, or any other Encumbrance on licensure affecting an individual's ability to practice Massage Therapy, including the issuance of a cease and desist order.

52 C. "Alternative Program" - a non-disciplinary monitoring or prosecutorial diversion program approved by a Member State's Licensing Authority.

D. "Background Check" - the included but not limited to applicant's criminal history record information, as further defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d), as amended.. from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining State criminal records in the applicant's Home State.

E. "Commission" - the government agency whose membership consists of all States that have enacted this Compact, which is known as the Interstate Massage Therapy Compact Commission, as defined in Article VIII, and which shall operate as an instrumentality of the Member States.

 F. "Current Significant Investigative Information" - Investigative Information that a Licensing Authority, after an inquiry or investigation that complies with a Member State's due process requirements, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate a violation of that State's laws regarding the Practice of Massage Therapy.

G. "Data System" -a repository of information about Licensees, which may include but is not limited to license status, Investigative Information, and Adverse Actions.

H. "Disqualifying Event" - any event which shall disqualify an individual from holding a
 Multistate License under this Compact, which the Commission may by Rule specify.

76 I. "Encumbrance" - a revocation or suspension of, or any limitation or condition on, the full and unrestricted Practice of Massage Therapy by a Licensing Authority.

J. "Executive Committee" - a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.

82 K. "Home State" - means the Member State which is a Licensee's primary state of residence.

L. "Investigative Information" - information, records, and/or documents received or generated by a Licensing Authority pursuant to an investigation or other inquiry.

- 87 M. "Licensing Authority" - a State's regulatory body responsible for issuing Massage Therapy 88 licenses or otherwise overseeing the Practice of Massage Therapy in that State. 89
- 90 N. "Licensee" - an individual who currently holds an authorization from a Member State to fully practice Massage Therapy, whose license is not a student, provisional, temporary, inactive, or 91 92 other similar status.
- 94 O. "Massage Therapy", "Massage Therapy Services", and the "Practice of Massage Therapy" -95 the care and services provided by a Licensee as set forth in the Member State's statutes and 96 regulations in the State where the services are being provided. 97
- 99 100 Q. "Multistate License" - a license to practice Massage Therapy in all Member States issued by 101 the Commission, acting on behalf of the Member States, pursuant to this Compact, and shall
- 102 be subject to the enforcement jurisdiction of the Licensing Authority in a Licensee's Home 103 State.
- 105 R. "Remote State" - any Member State, other than the Licensee's Home State. 106

P. "Member State" - any State that has adopted this Compact.

- 107 S. "Rule" - any opinion or regulation promulgated by the Commission under this Compact, 108 which shall have the force of law.
- 110 T. "Single-State License" - a Massage Therapy license issued by a Member State that authorizes practice only within the issuing State and does not include any authorization to practice 111 112 Massage Therapy outside of the issuing State.
- 114 U. "State" - a state, territory, possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia.
- 116 V. "State Practice Laws" - a Member State's laws, rules, and regulations that govern the 117 Practice of Massage Therapy, define the scope of such practice, and create the methods and 118 grounds for imposing discipline.
- 119 120 W. "Unencumbered License" - means a current, valid authorization issued by a Member State's Licensing Authority allowing an individual to fully practice Massage Therapy. An 121 Unencumbered License is not a restricted, student, provisional, temporary, or inactive 122
- 123 practice authorization.

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124 ARTICLE 3- MEMBER STATE REQUIREMENTS

- 125 A. To be eligible to join this Compact, and to maintain eligibility as a Member State, a State must currently: 126 127
- 128 1. License and regulate the Practice of Massage Therapy;
- 130 2. Have a mechanism or entity in place to receive and investigate complaints about 131 Licensees practicing in that State;

3. Require that Licensees within the State pass a national licensure examination prior to being licensed to provide Massage Therapy Services to the public in that State;

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4. Require that Licensees satisfy educational requirements prior to being licensed to provide Massage Therapy Services to the public in that State;

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5. Implement procedures for considering the Background Check of applicants for licensure, and for the reporting of any Disqualifying Events;

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6. Participate in the Data System, including through the use of unique identifying numbers as described herein;

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7. Notify the Commission and other Member States, in compliance with the terms of the Compact and Rules of the Commission, of any disciplinary action taken by the State against a Licensee in that State, or of the availability of Investigative Information regarding a Licensee practicing in that State;

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8. Delegate authority to the Commission on behalf of the Member State to determine eligibility for a Multistate License under the Compact;

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9. Comply with such Rules as may be enacted by the Commission to administer the Compact;

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10. Accept Licensees from other Member States as established herein;

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B. Individuals not residing in a Member State shall continue to be able to apply for a Member State's Single-State License as provided under the laws of each Member State. However, the Single-State License granted to those individuals shall not be recognized as granting a Multistate License for Massage Therapy in any other Member State;

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163 C. Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member State for the issuance of a Single-State License; and

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D. A Multistate License issued to a Licensee by the Commission shall be recognized by each Member State as authorizing a Licensee to practice Massage Therapy in each Member State.

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ARTICLE 4- MULTISTATE LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Upon the receipt of an application for a Multistate License, according to the Rules of the Commission, the Commission shall ascertain whether the applicant meets the requirements for a Multistate License under this Compact using any and all information available to the Commission, including, but not limited to, information uploaded to the Data System by the
- 1/3 Commission, including, but not limited to, information uploaded to the Data System by
- applicant's Home State.

B. If an applicant meets the requirements for a Multistate License under this Compact and any Rules of the Commission, the Commission, acting on behalf of the Member States, shall grant a Multistate License to that applicant, and inform all Member States of the grant of said Multistate License.

C. A Multistate License to practice Massage Therapy issued by the Commission, acting on behalf of the Member States, shall be recognized by each Member State as authorizing a Licensee to practice as though that Licensee holds a license to do so in each Member State, subject to the restrictions herein.

D. A Multistate License granted pursuant to this Compact may be effective for a definite period of time, which the Commission may by Rule define.

E. To qualify for a Multistate License under this Compact, and to maintain eligibility for such a license, an applicant must:

1. Hold an active, unencumbered license to practice Massage Therapy in the applicant's Home State;

2. Have an active and unique identifying number, as determined by the Rules of the Commission;

3. Have completed at least six hundred and twenty-five (625) clock hours of Massage Therapy education, as approved under the laws of the applicant's Home State, or that Home State's Licensing Authority, or which the Commission may otherwise approve by Rule. Licensees holding an active and unencumbered license may be exempted from this requirement, as provided for by the Rules of the Commission;

4. Have passed a national licensing examination developed and administered by a national association of Massage Therapy regulatory boards or as otherwise approved by Commission Rule;

5. Have not been convicted or found guilty, or have entered into an agreed disposition, of a felony offense under applicable State or federal criminal law, within five (5) years prior to the date of their application, where such a time period shall not include any time served for the offense, and provided that the applicant has completed any and all requirements arising as a result of any such offense;

6. Have not been convicted or found guilty, or have entered into an agreed disposition, of a misdemeanor offense related to the Practice of Massage Therapy under applicable State or federal criminal law, within two (2) years prior to the date of their application where such a time period shall not include any time served for the offense, and provided that the applicant has completed any and all requirements arising as a result of any such offense;

- Have not previously held a Massage Therapy license which was revoked by, or
 surrendered to, an applicable Licensing Authority;
- 8. Have no history of any Adverse Action taken by applicant's Home State Licensing Authority within two (2) years prior to the date of their application;
 - 9. Have not been convicted or found guilty, or have entered into an agreed disposition, of any offense, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, under state or federal law, at any time, relating to any of the following:
 - a. Kidnapping;

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- b. Human trafficking;
- c. Human smuggling;
- d. Sexual battery; or
- e. Any other category of offense which the Commission may by Rule designate.
- 10. Pay all required fees related to the application and verification or certification process, and any other fees which the Commission may by Rule require; and
 - 11. Comply with any and all other requirements which the Commission may by Rule provide.
- F. A Licensee practicing in a Member State must comply with State Practice Laws of the State in which Massage Therapy Services are provided, and all other applicable laws of that State.
- G. The Practice of Massage Therapy under a Multistate License granted pursuant to this Compact will subject the Licensee to the jurisdiction of the Licensing Authority, the courts, and the laws of the Member State in which the Massage Therapy Services are provided.

ARTICLE 5- PARALLEL AUTHORITY OF INTERSTATE MASSAGE THERAPY COMPACT COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE LICENSING AUTHORITIES

- A. Nothing in this Compact, nor any Rule of the Commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any way reduce the ability of a Member State to enact and enforce laws, regulations, or other rules related to the Practice of Massage Therapy in that State, where those laws, regulations, or other rules are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Compact.
- B. Insofar as practical, a Member State's Licensing Authority shall cooperate with the Commission and with each entity exercising independent regulatory authority over the Practice of Massage Therapy according to the provisions of this Compact.
- C. Licensees practicing in a Member State under a Multistate License shall be subject to both
 the Rules and requirements of the Commission and those of the Member State in which
 Massage Therapy Services are being provided.

D. An Adverse Action by the Commission on behalf of a Member State against a Licensee, including the denial, suspension, surrender in lieu of discipline, or revocation of a Multistate License, shall in no way limit a Member State's authority to grant a Single-State License to that Licensee or otherwise regulate such licenses.

ARTICLE 6- ADVERSE ACTIONS

A. A Home State shall have exclusive power to impose Adverse Action against a Single-State License issued by the Home State. A Multistate License shall not allow a Licensee to offer Massage Therapy Services in a State where they are otherwise prohibited from doing so by a Member State's Licensing Authority.

B. A Home State may take Adverse Action on a Single-State License based on the Investigative Information of a Remote State, so long as the Home State follows its own procedures for imposing Adverse Action.

C. A Home State shall retain authority to complete any pending investigations of a Licensee who changes their Home State during the course of such an investigation. The Licensing Authority shall also be empowered to report the results of such an investigation to the Commission through the Data System as described herein.

D. Any Member State may investigate actual or alleged violations of the State Practice Laws in any other Member State for a massage therapist who holds a Multistate License.

E. A Remote State shall have the authority to:

1. Take Adverse Actions against a Licensee's Multistate License;

2. Issue cease and desist orders or impose an Encumbrance on a Licensee's Multistate License.

3. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a Licensing Authority in a Member State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another Member State shall be enforced in the latter State by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings before it. The issuing Licensing Authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the State in which the witnesses or evidence are located.

4. Obtain and submit, for each Licensee and applicant, fingerprint or other biometric-based information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Background Checks; receive the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search on Background Checks; and use the results of such a Background Check in making licensure decisions.

- 5. If otherwise permitted by State law, recover from the affected Licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any Adverse Action taken against that Licensee.

6. Take Adverse Action based on the factual findings of another Member State, provided that the Licensing Authority follows its own procedures for taking such Adverse Action

F. Commission Authority Following Adverse Action

1. In the event that a Licensee's Single-State License to Practice Massage Therapy is suspended or revoked by the Home State's Licensing Authority, the Commission, acting on behalf of the Member States, shall suspend or revoke that Licensee's Multistate License, as appropriate, until such time as said Licensing Authority should reinstate the Licensee's Single-State License.

2. If Adverse Action is taken by a Remote State against a Licensee's Multistate License to practice in that State, the Commission, as authorized by the Member States, may suspend, revoke, or otherwise restrict that Licensee's Multistate License based on the Remote State's Adverse Action, and no further justification or proof shall be required.

3. Such an action from the Commission shall be reflected in a disciplinary order, which shall include a statement that the Licensee's Multistate License is suspended in all Member States during the pendency of the order.

G. Nothing in this Compact shall override a Member State's authority to accept a Licensee's participation in an Alternative Program in lieu of Adverse Action. A Licensee's Multistate License shall be suspended for the duration of the Licensee's participation in any Alternative Program.

H. Joint Investigations

1. In addition to the authority granted to a Member State by its respective State Practice Laws other applicable State law, a Member State may participate with other Member States in joint investigations of Licensees.

2. Member States shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under the Compact.

ARTICLE 7- ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY AND THEIR SPOUSES

- 346 Active Duty Military personnel, or their spouses, shall designate a Home State where the
- individual has a current license to practice Massage Therapy in good standing. The individual
- may retain their Home State designation during any period of service when that individual is on
- 349 active duty assignment.

350 ARTICLE 8- ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INTERSTATE MASSAGE THERAPY

351 COMPACT COMMISSION

- 352 A. The Compact Member States hereby create and establish a joint government agency whose
- membership consists of all member states that have enacted the compact known as the
- Interstate Massage Therapy Compact Commission. The Commission is an instrumentality of
- 355 the Compact States acting jointly and not an instrumentality of any one state.
- 356 B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings
- 1. Each Member State shall have and be limited to one (1) delegate selected by that Member State's Licensing Authority.
- 2. The delegate shall be the primary officer of the Licensing Authority or their designee.
- 3. The Commission may recommend removal or suspension any delegate from office.
- 4. A Member State's State Licensing Authority shall fill any vacancy of its delegate occurring on the Commission within 60 days of the vacancy.
- 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all matters before the Commission
 requiring a vote by Commission delegates.
- A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The
 bylaws may provide for delegates to meet by telecommunication, videoconference, or
 other means of communication.
- The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings
 may be held as set forth in the bylaws. The Commission may meet by
 telecommunication, video conference or other similar electronic means.
- 371 C. The Commission shall have the following powers:
- 1. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
 - 2. Establish code of conduct and conflict of interest policies;
- 3. Establish and amend Rules and bylaws;

- 4. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
- 5. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact, the Commission's Rules, and the bylaws;
- Initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission,provided that the standing of any State Licensing Board to sue or be sued under
- applicable law shall not be affected;
- 7. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

- 8. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a Member State;
- 9. Conduct an annual financial review
- 385 10. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such 386 individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and establish 387 the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, 388 qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
- 389 11. Assess and collect fees;
- 12. Accept any and all appropriate gifts, donations, grants of money, other sources of revenue, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
- 13. Lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided interest therein;
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 14. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
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 property real, personal, or mixed;
- 398 15. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
- 399 16. Borrow money;
- 400 17. Appoint committees, including standing committees, composed of members, State 401 regulators, State legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and 402 such other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
- 403 18. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
- 404 19. Establish and elect an Executive Committee, including a chair and a vice chair;
- 20. Determine whether a State's adopted language is materially different from the model compact language such that the State would not qualify for participation in the Compact; and
- 408 21. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact.
- 410 D. The Executive Committee
- 1. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact. The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Executive Committee shall include:

414 a. Oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact including 415 enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its Rules and 416 bylaws, and other such duties as deemed necessary; 417 b. Recommend to the Commission changes to the Rules or bylaws, changes to this 418 Compact legislation, fees charged to Compact Member States, fees charged to 419 licensees, and other fees; 420 c. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, including by 421 contract; 422 d. Prepare and recommend the budget; 423 e. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission; 424 f. Monitor Compact compliance of Member States and provide compliance reports to 425 the Commission; 426 g. Establish additional committees as necessary; 427 h. Exercise the powers and duties of the Commission during the interim between 428 Commission meetings, except for adopting or amending Rules, adopting or amending 429 bylaws, and exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to the 430 Commission by Rule or bylaw; and 431 i. Other duties as provided in the Rules or bylaws of the Commission. 432 2. The Executive Committee shall be composed of seven members: 433 a. The chair and vice chair of the Commission shall be voting members of the Executive 434 Committee; and 435 b. The Commission shall elect seven voting members from the current membership of 436 the Commission. 437 c. The Commission may elect ex-officio, nonvoting members as necessary. The 438 Commission's bylaws shall identify qualifying organizations and the manner of 439 appointment. 440 3. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as provided in 441 the Commission's bylaws. 442 4. The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually. a. Executive Committee meetings shall be open to the public, except that the Executive 443 444 Committee may meet in a closed, non-public meeting as provided in subsection F.2 445 below.

- 446 b. The Executive Committee shall give ten days' notice of its meetings, posted on its 447 website and as determined to provide notice to persons with an interest in the business 448 of the Commission. 449 c. The Executive Committee may hold a special meeting in accordance with subsection 450 F.1.b. below. 451 E. The Commission shall adopt and provide to the Member States an annual report. 452 F. Meetings of the Commission 453 1. All meetings shall be open to the public, except that the Commission may meet in a 454 closed, non-public meeting as provided in subsection F.2 below. 455 a. Public notice for all meetings of the full Commission of meetings shall be given in the 456 same manner as required under the Rulemaking provisions in Section 11, except that 457 the Commission may hold a special meeting as provided in subsection F.1.b below. 458 b. The Commission may hold a special meeting when it must meet to conduct 459 emergency business by giving [24, 48,or other] hours' notice to all commissioners, on 460 the Commission's website, and other means as provided in the Commission's rules. 461 The Commission's legal counsel shall certify that the Commission's need to meet 462 qualifies as an emergency. 463 2. The Commission or the Executive Committee or other committees of the Commission 464 may convene in a closed, non-public meeting for the Commission or Executive 465 Committee or other committees of the Commission to receive legal advice or to discuss: 466 a. Non-compliance of a Member State with its obligations under the Compact; 467 b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or procedures related to specific employees; 468 469 c. Current or threatened discipline of a Licensee by the Commission or by a Member 470 State's Licensing Board; 471 d. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation; 472 e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real 473 estate: 474 f. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person; 475 g. Trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or

h. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly

confidential;

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- 478 unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- i. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
- j. Information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the Compact;
 - k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or Member State law; or
- 1. Other matters as promulgated by the Commission by Rule.
 - 3. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed, the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and such reference shall be recorded in the minutes.
 - 4. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

G. Financing of the Commission

- 1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- 2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources as provided in C(12).
 - 3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Member State and impose fees on licensees of Member States to whom it grants a Multistate License to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount for Member States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall promulgate by Rule.
 - 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the Member States, except by and with the authority of the Member State.
 - 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the financial review and

accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the financial review shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.

H. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

- 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. The procurement of insurance of any type by the Commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the immunity granted hereunder.
- 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining their own counsel at their own expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

- 546 4. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for 547 professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other 548 applicable state laws.
- 5. Nothing in this Compact shall be interpreted to waive or otherwise abrogate a Member State's state action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or regulation.
- Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the
 Member States or by the Commission.

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ARTICLE 9- DATA SYSTEM

- A. The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action, and the presence of Current Significant Investigative Information on all licensed individuals in Member States.
- B. Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the contrary, a Member State shall submit a uniform data set to the Data System on all individuals to whom this Compact is applicable as required by the Rules of the Commission, including:
- 1. Identifying information;
- 565 2. Licensure data:
- 3. Adverse Actions against a Single-State License or Multistate License [and information related thereto];
- 4. Non-confidential information related to Alternative Program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such participation, and other information related to such participation not made confidential under Member State law;
- 5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such denial;
- 572 6. The presence of Current Significant Investigative Information; and
- Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact or the protection
 of the public, as determined by the Rules of the Commission.
- C. The information contained in the data system shall be considered authentic and not hearsay in
 any civil action involving the Commission when accompanied by a certification by the
 Commission's data system manager concerning the authenticity of the data.

- D. Current Significant Investigative Information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State will only be available to other Member States.
- 580 E. It is the responsibility of the Member States to report any Adverse Action against a Licensee.
- Adverse Action information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State will be available
- to any other Member State.
- F. Member States contributing information to the Data System may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing State.
- G. Any information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws of the Member State contributing the information shall be removed from the Data System.

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ARTICLE 10- RULEMAKING

- A. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in order to effectively and efficiently
- implement and administer the purposes and provisions of the Compact. In addition to any
- other applicable standard of review, in the event a court of competent jurisdiction holds that
- the Commission exercised its Rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of
- the purposes of the Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the
- Commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
- B. The Rules of the Commission shall have the force of law in each Member State, provided
- however that where the Rules of the Commission conflict with the State Practice Laws of a
- Member State as held by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Rules of the Commission shall
- be ineffective in that State to the extent of the conflict.
- 600 C. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in
- this Section and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding
- as of the date specified in each Rule or amendment.
- D. If a majority of the legislatures of the Member States rejects a Rule or portion of a Rule, by
- enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact within
- four (4) years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no further force
- and effect in any Member State.
- E. Rules or amendments to the Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the
- 608 Commission.
- F. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall hold a public hearing and allow
- persons to give oral testimony and submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments.

- 611 G. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in
- advance of the meeting at which the Commission will hold a public hearing on the proposed
- Rule, the Commission shall provide a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:
- 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform;
- 2. To persons who have requested notice of the Commission's notices of proposed rulemaking, and
- 3. In such other way(s) as the Commission may by Rule specify.
- H. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
- 1. The time, date, and location of the public hearing at which the Commission will hear testimony on the proposed Rule and, if different, the time, date, and location of the meeting where the Commission will consider and vote on the proposed Rule;
- 2. If the hearing is held via telecommunication, video conference, or other electronic means, the Commission shall include the mechanism for access to the hearing in the Notice of
- Proposed Rulemaking;
- 3. The text of the proposed Rule and the reason therefor;
- 4. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any interested person; and
- 5. The manner in which interested persons may submit written comments.
- I. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
- J. The Commission may grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a Rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
- 1. At least twenty-five (25) persons;

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- 636 2. A State or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or 637
- 3. An association or organization having at least twenty-five (25) members.
- K. If a hearing is held on the proposed Rule or amendment, the Commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
- 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the Commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.

- 648 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to commend orally or in writing.
- 3. All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will be made available on request.
 - 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each Rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this section.
- L. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- M. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed Rule without a public hearing.
 - N. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed Rule and shall determine the effective date of the Rule, if any, based on the Rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.
 - O. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual Rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this Article shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency Rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:
 - 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
 - 2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Member State funds;
 - 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative Rule that is established by federal law or Rule; or
 - 4. Protect public health and safety.

P. The Commission or authorized committee of the Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted Rule or amendment fir purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If not challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect with the approval of the Commission.

ARTICLE 11- OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

A. Oversight

1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of State government in each Member State shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the Rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.

2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the Rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a Member State pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Commission.

3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact, or promulgated Rules.

B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination

1. If the Commission determines that a Member State has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated Rules, the Commission shall:

a. Provide written notice to the defaulting State and other Member States of the nature of the default, the proposed means or curing the default and/or any other action to be taken by the Commission; and

b. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

 2. If a State in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting State may be terminated from this Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Member States, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.

3. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting State's legislature, and each of the Member States.

4. A State that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.

- The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in default or
 that has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the
 Commission and the defaulting State.
- The defaulting State may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the U.S.
 District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including attorney's fees.

C. Dispute Resolution

- 1. Upon request by a Member State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact that arise among Member States and between Member States and non-Member States.
- 2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

D. Enforcement

- 1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and Rules of this Compact.
- 2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices against a Member State in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded costs of such litigation, including attorney's fees.
- 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or State law.

ARTICLE 12- DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE MASSAGE THERAPY COMPACT COMMISSION AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT

A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh Member State. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and the promulgation or Rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise Rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of this Compact.

- B. Any State that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption of the Rules shall be subject to the Rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that State. Any Rule that has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that State.
- 787 C. Any Member State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
 - 1. A Member State's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after the enactment of the repealing statute.
 - 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing State's Licensing Authority to comply with the investigative and Adverse Action reporting requirements of this Compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
 - D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any Massage Therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative agreement between a Member State and a non-Member State that does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
- E. This Compact may be amended by the Member States. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Member State until it is enacted into the laws of all Member States.

ARTICLE 13- CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

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807 This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions 808 of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this 809 Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any Member State or of the United 810 States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held 811 invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Compact and the applicability thereof to any 812 government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any Member State, the Compact shall remain in full force 813 814 and effect as to the remaining Member States and in full force and effect as to the Member State 815 affected as to all severable matters.

ARTICLE 14- BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAW

- A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Member State that is not inconsistent with this Compact.
- B. Any laws in a Member State in conflict with this Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- C. Any lawful actions by the Commission, including all Rules and bylaws promulgated by the
 Commission, are binding upon the Member States.

